## APPENDIX SHOWING MARKUPS OF CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1. (Original)≀ A non-absorbent antimicrobial surface, comprising:

A. \ a substrate; and

B. a cured polymeric coating on the substrate, said coating comprising at least one antimicrobial compound being present when said coating is cured on the substrate.

- 2. (Original) The surface of claim 1, wherein the substrate is synthetic and selected from the group consisting of polyamides, polyesters, polyolefins, and mixtures thereof.
- 3. (Original) The surface of claim 2, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of nylons, poly(ethylene terephthalate), and polypropylene.
  - 4. (Original) The surface of claim 4, wherein the substrate is nylon.
- 4<u>5</u>. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 1, wherein the coating is formed from a polymer selected from the group consisting of phenol-formaldehydes, acrylic latexes, and styrene butadiene latexes.
- 26. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 1, wherein the antimicrobial compound is a sulfone.
- 37. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 6, wherein the antimicrobial compound is selected from the group consisting of diidomethyl p-tolyl sulfone, diiodomethyl p-chlorophenyl sulfone, and mixtures thereof.



- 48. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 1, wherein the antimicrobial compound is an alkali alkyl sulfate.
- 59. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 8, wherein said compound is sodium lauryl sulfate.
- 610. (Currently amended) A method for making a non-absorbent, antimicrobial, surface, comprising the steps of:
  - A. providing a substrate;
- B. providing a liquid, film-formable binder effective to coat the surface:
- C. admixing an antimicrobial compound with the binder to produce a binder mix; and
- D. coating the substrate with the binder mix, curing the binder, and repeating the coating and curing as desired.
- 711. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 10, wherein the substrate are selected from the group consisting of polyamides, polyesters, polyolefins, and mixtures thereof.
- 812. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 11, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of nylons, poly(ethylene terephthalate), and polypropylene.
- 913. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 10, wherein the coating is formed from a polymer selected from the group consisting of phenol-formaldehydes, acrylic latexes, and styrene butadiene latexes.



- 1014. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 10, wherein said antimicrobial compound is a sulfone.
- 4115. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 14, wherein said antimicrobial compound is selected from the group consisting of diidomethyl p-tolyl sulfone, diiodomethyl p-chlorophenyl sulfone, and mixtures thereof.
- 1216. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 1, wherein one antimicrobial compound is an alkali alkyl sulfate.
- 1317. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 8, wherein said compound is sodium lauryl sulfate.
- 1418. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 10, comprising a mixture of antimicrobial compounds including sodium lauryl sulfate and at least one compound selected from the group consisting of diidomethyl p-tolyl sulfone, diiodomethyl p-chlorophenyl sulfone, and mixtures thereof.
- 1519. (Currently amended.) The surface of claim 1, wherein the substrate is metal or wood.

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